

LOADINGS

Roof: 1.85 kN/m<sup>2</sup> incl. 0.6 super and  
0.25 ceiling super

First Floor:

|                 |   |                              |
|-----------------|---|------------------------------|
| 200 p.c. units  | - | 3.00 kN/m <sup>2</sup>       |
| 75 screed       | - | 1.80 "                       |
| Ceiling, etc    | - | 0.30 "                       |
| Super           | - | 2.50 "                       |
| Ltwt partitions | - | 0.50 "                       |
|                 |   | <u>8.10 kN/m<sup>2</sup></u> |

(Super allows for offices and  
for light industrial work room)

Cavity Walls: 4.0 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (br + 140 bl + pl'r)

210 Walls: 3.0 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (incl. pl'r)

140 Walls: 2.1 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (" ")

100 Walls: 1.6 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (" ")

Precast Staircase:

|          |   |                               |
|----------|---|-------------------------------|
| Waist    | - | 4.80 kN/m <sup>2</sup>        |
| Steps    | - | 2.20 "                        |
| Finishes | - | 2.00 "                        |
| Super    | - | 4.00 "                        |
|          |   | <u>13.00 kN/m<sup>2</sup></u> |

UPPER STOREY WALLSExternal Walls

Are 2500 clear ht. between floor and  
ceiling lateral restraints, of 102.5 wide + 140 block  
cavity construction, and carry max 13.5m span  
crossed rafter. By inspection they are adequate  
for vertical and wind loading, but fail to

NOTE  
Refer to Sheet  
6 for design  
of posts at  
signboard/  
canopy pos'n

comply with the Approved Doc. A rules re  
frequency of buttressing walls: i.e.  $> 9m$ .

The reason for the Rule is to help  
ensure the overall stability of the building.

In this case the building plan-form is  
well-proportioned (i.e. not long and narrow),  
and the braced roof structure acts as a  
diaphragm to distribute the wind loads to  
the shear walls in each direction.

USE

1026r + 140bl  
(3.6N/mm<sup>2</sup>)  
thru' out.

### Internal Walls

Are 2500 clear ht between floor and  
ceiling lateral restraints, are non-loadbearing,  
and of 100 min. blockwork. By inspection  
they are adequate.

USE

100 block  
(3.6N/mm<sup>2</sup>)  
or stud partins  
thru' out.

### LOWER STOREY EXTERNAL WALLS

Are 2600 clear ht fl-fl, 1026r +  
140 bl. construction. Regarding front wall etc  
being  $> 9m$  between buttressing walls, the  
same applies as for upper walls, the first  
floor being a rigid diaphragm.

### Check front wall under vertical loading

(by insp'n, worst case: carries max  
pc units span + has largest openings):

Inner leaf w/m =  $2.0 \times 7m$  average wall

+ Bul  $\times 7.3m/2$  fl = 43.6 kN/m

Check 2563 length between 2500 + 1200 op'gs:

$$EW = 43.6 \left( \frac{2.56 + 3.7}{2} \right) = 192.3 \text{ km}$$

$$SR = \frac{2600 \times .75}{2/3 (102 + 140)} = 12.1, \beta = .92$$

For  $\gamma_f = 1.45, \gamma_m = 3.1,$

$$f_k \text{ req'd} = \frac{192300 \times 1.45 \times 3.1}{.92 (2563 \times 140)} = 2.62 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

140, 3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup> strength:  $f_k = 2.9, \text{ OK}$   
(but see W<sub>1</sub>, W<sub>2</sub> lintel design on sheet 4)

USE

102 br + 140 bl  
(3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup>)

except for front wall  
where 7.3 N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
blocks req'd

### LOWER STOREY INTERNAL WALLS

#### 210 Blockwork

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Masc w/m} &= 8.1 \times 13.4 \text{ m} / 2 \text{ br} \\ &+ (2.1 \times 2.5 \text{ m upper wall}) \frac{4.8 \text{ m}}{7.3 \text{ m}} \\ &+ 3.0 \times 2.6 \text{ m OW} = 65.5 \text{ km/m} \end{aligned}$$

$$SR = \frac{2600 \times .75}{210} = 9.3, \beta = .98$$

For  $\gamma_f = 1.46, \gamma_m = 3.1,$

$$f_k \text{ req'd} = \frac{65500 \times 1.46 \times 3.1}{210 \times 10^3} = 1.41 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

- by insp'n

USE

210 blockwork,  
of 2/100 leaves  
of 3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
blocks + 10mm  
mortar-joint,  
strip (not wire)  
type ties @  
450 x 450 cts.

#### 140 Blockwork

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Masc w/m} &= 8.1 \times 10.6 \text{ m} / 2 \text{ br} \\ &+ 2.1 \times 2.6 \text{ m lower wall} \\ &+ 1.6 \times 2.5 \text{ m upper wall} = 52.4 \text{ km/m} \end{aligned}$$

$$SR = \frac{2600 \times .75}{140} = 13.9, \beta = .89$$

For  $\gamma_f = 1.46, \gamma_m = 3.1:$

$$f_k \text{ req'd} = \frac{52400 \times 1.46 \times 3.1}{140 \times 10^3} = 1.7 \text{ N/mm}^2 < 2.9$$

USE

140 blockwork  
of 3.6 N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
blocks.

LINTELS IN EXTERNAL WALLSWindows W1, W2

$$E // \text{span} = 2750$$

$$W = 2.75 \left( 0.1 \times 7.25 \text{ m} / 2 \right) / \text{r} + 2.1 \times 1.5 \text{ m wall} \\ = 89.4 \text{ kw}$$

$$m = 89.4 \times 2.75 / \theta = 30.74 \text{ kNm}$$

$$I_{req'd} = 2.06 \times 89.4 \times 2.75^2 = 1395 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$\text{Try } 152 \times 152 \times 30 \text{ UC} : \rho_{bc} = \frac{30.74}{0.222} = 138.5 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$L/r_y = \frac{1.2 \times 2750}{38.2} = 86, \rho_{bc} = 140 +, \text{ ok}$$

$$\text{Bearings: } R = 44.7 \text{ kw}, \delta / l = 1.43, \gamma_m = 3.1,$$

$$\rho_{bc} = 2.9 \text{ N/mm}^2:$$

$$A_{req'd} = \frac{44700 \times 1.43 \times 3.1}{2.9 \times 1.5} = 45,550 \text{ mm}^2 \\ (140 \times 325)$$

$$\text{For } 7.3 \text{ N/mm}^2 \text{ blocks, } \rho_{bc} = 5.34 \text{ N/mm}^2:$$

$$A_{req'd} = \frac{2.9}{5.34} \times 45,550 = 24740 \text{ mm}^2 \\ (140 \times 225 \text{ ok})$$

USE

152 x 152  
x 30 UC  
under inner  
leaf.

USE

225 bearing  
of steel each  
end on  
140 inner  
leaf of  
7.3 N/mm<sup>2</sup>  
blocksDoor D1

Carries p/c floor + D of cavity wall:

$$w/m = 0.1 \times 7.25 / 2 \text{ } / \text{r} + 4.0 \times \text{say } 1 \text{ m wall} \\ = 33.4 \text{ kw/m}$$

$$E // \text{span} = 1350 : W = 45.1 \text{ kw}$$

USE

Catic  
CH 90/125,  
1500 long.Doors D3 & D4

(1011 clear span)

- by insp'n -

USE

Catic  
CH 90/125,  
1350 longWindows W3, W4, W5

- by insp'n

USE

Catic CG 90/125,  
150 hrs.

Windows W6, W7, W9, W10

E/l span = 1650

Ldlm =  $1.85 \times 15m / 2$  roof + nominal wall  
= 14.5 kw/m

W = 23.93 kw - by insp'n -

USE  
Catic  
CH 90/125,  
1800 long

Window W8

E/l span = 1650

Ldlm =  $1.85 \times 11.5m / 2$  roof +  $4.0 \times 1.2m$  wall  
= 15.5 kw/m, W = 25.6 kw -

USE  
Catic  
CH 90/125,  
1800 long.

Door D2

- at roller-shutter door -

REF  
Sheet 7 for  
design

LINTELS IN INTERNAL WALLS

Door D15

- by insp'n -

USE  
Stressline  
100 x 65 dp,  
100 brgs

Opening in 140 wall adjacent D18

- by insp'n -

USE  
Stressline  
140 x 65 dp,  
150 brgs

Doors D6, D8, D11, D14

- by insp'n -

USE  
Stressline  
100 x 65 dp,  
100 brgs.

DOORS D7, D9

$$E/span = 1060$$

Floor above carries Landing/Corridor: LL = 4.0

$$w/m^2 = (8.1 - 2.5 - .5 \text{ pbrs}) + 4.0 = 9.1 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$Ld/m \text{ max} = 9.1 \times 7.7m/2 + 2.1 \times .45 \text{ wall} = 36 \text{ kN/m}, w = 59.4 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Brig A req'd} = \frac{29700 \times 1.47 \times 3.1}{2.9 \times 1.5} = 31,110 \text{ mm}^2 \quad (140 \times 22r)$$

USE  
5 Stressline  
140 x 140  
"High Strength"  
225 hrs

Door D5

$$E/span = 1060$$

$$Ld/m = \left( 9.1 \times 4.8/2 + 8.1 \times 7.3m/2 \right) / 7.3m + (2.1 \times 2.5m \text{ wall}) \frac{4.8m}{7.3m} + 3.0 \times .45m \text{ wall} = 56.2 \text{ kN/m}$$

USE  
2 / 5 Stressline  
100 x 220 dp  
links, min.  
150 bearings

SUPPORT POSTS AT CANOPY/SIGNBOARD

Assume signboard wt = 4 kN

$$\text{Canopy wt} = (.75DL + .75LL)(3.6m \times 1.5m) = 8.1 \text{ kN}$$

OTM signboard about posts = 4 x 1m = 4 kNm

$$\text{OTM canopy " " } = 8.1 \times \frac{1.5m}{2} = 6.1 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\text{Then } H_1 = \frac{4}{.7m \times 2 \text{ posts}} = \pm 2.9 \text{ kN}$$

$$H_2 = \frac{6.1}{1.3m \times 2} = \pm 2.4 \text{ kN}$$

$$RT = 1.98 \text{ kN outwards pull}$$

$$RB = 1.98 \text{ kN inwards push}$$

$$M_{max} = 0.45 \text{ kNm}$$



or omitting H1 loads (ie no signboard):

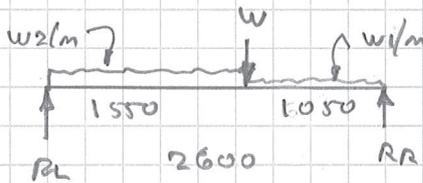
$$R_T = R_B = \pm 1.2 \text{ kN}, M_{\text{max}} = 1.224 \text{ kNm}$$

Hence using  $120 \times 60 \times 5.0$  RHS:

$$f_b \text{ max} = \frac{1.224}{50.7} = 23.4 \text{ N/mm}^2, \text{ OK}$$

USE  
 $120 \times 60 \times 5.0$   
RHS posts  
fixed to roof  
and 1st floor  
structure.

### LINTEE OVER ROLLER-SHUTTER DOOR



$$w_1/m = 4.0 \times 1 \text{ m wall} + 8.1 \times 3 \text{ m nominal } f_r \\ + 0.07 = 6.9 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$w_2/m = 6.9 + 4.0 \times 1.7 \text{ m odd'l wall} \\ + 1.05 \times 15 \text{ m} / 2 \text{ roof} = 27.6 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$W = 1.5 \text{ m} / 2 (1.05 \times 15 / 2 + 4.0 \times 22 \text{ m}) \text{ linked in} \\ = 11.1 \text{ kN}$$

$$R_L = 36.0 \text{ kN}, R_A = 25.2 \text{ kN}, M = 23.5 \text{ kNm}$$

$$I_{\text{req'd}} = 16.5 \text{ ML} = 16.5 \times 23.5 \times 2.6 = 1008 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$Z_{180} = \frac{23.5}{1.18} = 131 \text{ cm}^3$$

$\therefore 150 \times 150 \times 5.0$  SHS adequate,  
plus L for outer leaf.

USE  
 $150 \times 150 \times 5.0$   
SHS, plus  
 $200 \times 100 \times 10$   
RS angle to  
carry outer  
leaf; ref.  
drg 301.

### Bearings

$$R_{\text{max inner leaf}} = 36.0 - 6.3 = 29.7 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{For } 225 \text{ brg} \times 140 \text{ b/wk, } d_m = 1.47:$$

$$f_b \text{ req'd} = \frac{29700 \times 1.47 \times 3.1}{1.5(225 \times 140)} = 2.86 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$< 2.9, \text{ OK}$$

USE  
225 brg each  
end of SHS  
and of RSA.